2018 CERTIFICATION

Consumer Confidence Report (CCR)

City of Ocean Springs

Public Water System Name

List PWS ID #s for all Community Water Systems included in this CCR

		and the contract of the contra	
must l reques mail,	e mailed or delived. Make sure you copy of the CC	ing Water Act (SDWA) requires each Community Public Water System (PWS) to develop and distribution of the customers, published in a newspaper of local circulation, or provided to the customers of follow the proper procedures when distributing the CCR. You must email, fax (but not preferre R and Certification to the MSDH. Please check all boxes that apply	CCR
	Customers were	informed of availability of CCR by: (Attach copy of publication, water bill or other)	
		☐ Advertisement in local paper (Attach copy of advertisement)	
		☐ On water bills (Attach copy of bill)	8.

Attach copy of bill)
☐ Email message (Email the message to the address below)
□ □ Other
Date(s) customers were informed: / /2019 / /2019 / /2019
CCR was distributed by U.S. Postal Service or other direct delivery. Must specify other direct delivery
Date Mailed/Distributed:/ /
CCR was distributed by Email (Email MSDH a copy) Date Emailed: / /2019
□ As a URL(Provide Direct URL)
☐ ☐ As an attachment
☐ ☐ As text within the body of the email message
CCR was published in local newspaper. (Attach copy of published CCR or proof of publication)

CCR was published in local newspaper. (Attach copy of published CCR or proof of publication)

Name of Newspaper: Ocean Springs Record

Date Published: 5/9/2019

CCR was posted in public places. (Attach list of locations)

Date Posted: 5/21/2019

CCR was posted on a publicly accessible internet site at the following address:

Ci. Ocean-springs. Ms, us page Public-Works

Certification

I hereby certify that the CCR has been distributed to the customers of this public water system in the form and manner identified above and that I used distribution methods allowed by the SDWA. I further certify that the information included in this CCR is true and correct and is consistent with the water quality monitoring data provided to the PWS officials by the Mississippi State Department of Health, Bureau of Public Water Supply

Name/Title (Board President, Mayor, Owner, Admin. Contact, etc.)

Submission options (Select one method ONLY)

Mail: (U.S. Postal Service) MSDH, Bureau of Public Water Supply P.O. Box 1700 Jackson, MS 39215

Email: water.reports@msdh.ms.gov

Fax: (601) 576 - 7800

Not a preferred method due to poor clarity

Date

CCR Deadline to MSDH & Customers by July 1, 2019!

City of Ocean Springs 2018 Drinking Water Report

Is my water safe?

We are pleased to present this year's Annual Water Quality Report (Consumer Confidence Report) as required by the Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA). This report is designed to provide details about where your water comes from, what it contains, and how it compares to standards set by regulatory agencies. This report is a snapshot of last year's water quality. We are committed to providing you with information because informed customers are our best allies.

Do I need to take special precautions?

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/Centers for Disease Control (CDC) guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by Cryptosporidium and other microbial contaminants are available from the Safe Water Drinking Hotline (800-426-4791).

Where does my water come from?

The drinking water supplied by the City of Ocean Springs is pumped from ground water aquifers using six separate wells across town. Five of the wells draw from the Graham Ferry Formation and the other from the Pascagoula Formation. The City also purchase water from the Jackson County Utility Authority (JCUA). The Mississippi Department of Environmental Quality has completed a ground water study and its availability to Jackson County. The Department has also completed a source water assessment for the City of Ocean Springs and its susceptibility to contamination. Copies of these reports are available for viewing at the Ocean Springs Public Library.

Source water assessment and its availability

The City of Ocean Springs is dedicated to protecting your water supply. To ensure our water supply is not contaminated from commercial or residential customers, we install backflow prevention devices on all services. On rare occasions, some periodic release from faucets or the hot water tank relief valve may occur. If this problem persists, you may need to contact a plumber to install additional protection on your system.

Why are there contaminants in my drinking water?

Drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's (EPA) Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791). The sources of drinking water (both tap water and bottled water) include rivers, lakes, streams, ponds, reservoirs, springs, and wells. As water travels over the surface of the land or through the ground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive material, and can pick up substances resulting from the presence of animals or from human activity: microbial contaminants, in the presence of animals or from human activity: microbial contaminants, in the presence of animals or from human activity: microbial contaminants, in the presence of animals or from human activity: microbial contaminants, in the presence of animals or from human activity: microbial contaminants, in the presence of animals or from human activity: microbial contaminants, in the presence of animals or from human activity: microbial contaminants, in the presence of animals or from human activity: microbial contaminants, in the presence of animals or from human activity: microbial contaminants, in the presence of animals or from human activity: microbial contaminants, in the presence of animals of the presence of animals or from human activity: microbial contaminants, in the presence of animals of the presence of animals of the presence of the presen such as viruses and bacteria, that may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife; inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally occurring or result from urban storm water runoff, industrial, or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming; pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban storm water runoff, and residential uses; organic Chemical Contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations, urban storm water runoff, and septic systems; and radioactive contaminants, which can be naturally occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities. In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. Food and Drug Administration (FDA) regulations establish limits for contaminants in bottled water which must provide the same protection for public health.

How can I get involved?

The Ocean Springs Board of Aldermen meets on the first and third Tuesday of each month at 6:00 p.m. at City Hall, 1018 Porter Avenue. Any questions or comments regarding the water system can be addressed at their meeting. We encourage your participation.

Additional Information for Lead

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Pass Christian is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead.

Water Quality Data Table

In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulation which limit the amount of contaminants in water provide by public water systems. The table below lists all of the drinking water contaminants that we detected during the calendar year of this report. Although many more contaminants were tested, only those substances listed below were found in your water. All sources of drinking water contain some naturally occurring contaminants. At low levels, these substances are generally not harmful in our drinking water. Removing all contaminants would be extremely expensive, and in most cases would not provide increased protection of public health. A few naturally occurring minerals may actually improve the taste of drinking water and have nutritional value at low levels. Unless otherwise noted, that data presented in this table is from testing done in the calendar year of the report. The EPA or State requires us to monitor for certain contaminants less than once per year because the concentrations of these contaminants do not vary significantly from year to year, or the system is not considered vulnerable to this type of contamination. As such, some of our data, though representative, may be more than one year old. Ind this table you will find terms and abbreviations that might not be familiar to you. To help you better understand these terms, we have provided the definitions below the table.

Contaminants	MCLG or MRDLG	W. W. C. C.	Your <u>Water</u>	Ra <u>Low</u>	nge <u>High</u>	Sampl <u>Date</u>	Violation	Typical Source
Disintectants & Disinfe	ection By-P	oducts	11,192				YMENCO.	
(There is convincing evi	dence that a	ddition of	a disinfec	tant is nece	ssary for	control of	microbial c	Ontaminants)
Haloacetic Acids (HAA: (ppb)	NA	60	25.0	NA		2018	No	By-product of drinking water chlorination
Chlorine (as Cl2) (mg/l)	4	4	00.1	0.00	2.5	2018	No	Water additive used to control microbes
TTHMs [Total Trihalomethanes]	NA	80	60,4	NA		2018	No	By-product of drinking water disinfection
Inorganic Contaminant	S .					17871	William Mil	Is the control of the
Antimony (ppb)	6	6	0.5	0.5	0.5	2017	No	Discharge from petroleum refineries; fire retardants; ceramics; electronies; solder test addition.
Arsenic (ppb) Barium (ppm)	2	10	<0.56	0.5	0.8	2017	No	Erosion of natural deposits; Runoff from orchards; Runoff from glass and electronics production wastes
Beryllium (ppb)		2	0.008	.004	.022	2017	No	Discharge of drilling wastes; Discharge from metal refineries; Erosion of natural deposits
Cadmium (ppb)	4	4	0.5	0.5	0.5	2017	No	Discharge from metal refineries and coal-burning factories; Discharge from electrical, aerospace, and defense industries
Chromium (ppb)	5	5	0.5	0.5	0.5	2017	No	Corrosion of galvanized pipes; Erosion of natural deposits; Discharge from metal refineries; runoff from waste batteries and paints
anomuni (ppo)	100	100	1.34	0.5	1.6	2017	1	Discharge from steel and pulp mills; Erosion of natural deposits

Cyanide [as Free Cn] (ppb)	200	200	0.5	0.5	0.5	2017	No	Discharge from plastic and fertilizer factories; Discharge from steel/metal factories
Fluoride (ppm)	4	4	0.449	0.389	0.52	0 2017	No	Erosion of natural deposits; Water additive which promotes strong teeth; Discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories
Mercury [Inorganic] (ppb) Nitrate [measured as	2	2	0.5	0.5	0.5	2017	No	Erosion of natural deposits; Discharge from refineries and factories; Runoff from landfills; Runoff from cropland
Nitrogen] (ppm)	10	10	0.08	0.08	0.08	2018	No	Runoff from fertilizer use; Leaching from septic tanks, sewage; Erosion of natural deposits
[measured as Nitrogen] (ppm)	10	10	0.1	NA		2018	No	Runoff from fertilizer use; Leaching from septic tanks, sewage; Erosion of natural deposits
Nitrite [measured as Nitrogen] (ppm)	1	1	0.02	0.02	0.02	2018	No	Runoff from fertilizer use; Leaching from septic tanks, sewage; Erosion of natural deposits
Thallium (ppb)	50	50	2.5	2.5	2,5	2017	No	Discharge from petroleum and metal refineries; Erosion of natural deposits;
	200	200	0.5	0.5	0.5	2017	No	Discharge from electronics, glass, and Leaching from ore-processing sites; drug factorics
Volatile Organic Conta	F 4 1	e dec		- AZIN Book				FIRE SEPARATION TO
(ppb) 1,1,2-Trichloroethane	200	200	<0.5	NA		2018	No	Discharge from metal degreasing sites and other
(ppb)	3	5	<0.5	NΛ		2018	No	Discharge from industrial chemical factories
1,1-Dichloroethylene (ppb) 1,2,4-	7	7	<0.5	NA		2018	No	Discharge from industrial chemical factories
Trichlorobenzene	70	70	<0.5	NA		2018	No	Discharge from textile- finishing factories
1,2-Dichloroethane (ppb)	0	5	<0.5	NA		2018	No	Discharge from industrial chemical factories
,2-Dichloropropane ppb)	0	5	<0.5	NA		2018	No	Discharge from industrial chemical factories
Benzene (ppb)	0	5	<0.5	NΛ		2018	No	Discharge from factories: Leaching from gas storage tanks and landfills
Carbon Tetrachloride ppb)	0	5	<0.5	NA		2018	No	Discharge from chemical plants and other industrial
is-1,2- Dichloroethylene (ppb)	70	70	<0.5	NA		2018	No	activities Discharge from industrial chemical factories
Pichloromethane (ppb)	0	5	1.62	NA		2018	No	Discharge from pharmaceutical and chemical
thylbenzene (ppb)	700	700	<0.5	NA		2018	No	Discharge from petroleum refineries
-Dichlorobenzene opb)	600	600	<0.5	NA		2018	No	Discharge from industrial chemical factories

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	p-Dichlorobenzene (ppb)	75	75	<0.5	NA		2018	No	Discharge from industrial			
	Chlorobenzene (ppb)	100							chemical factories			
		100	100	<0.5	NA		2018	No	Discharge from industrial chemical factories			
	Styrene (ppb) Tetrachloroethylene	100	100	1.42	NA		2018	No	Discharge from rubber and plastic factories; Leaching from landfills			
	(ppb)	0	. 5	<0.5	NA	engomics)	2018	No	Discharge from factories andry cleaners			
	Toluene (ppb)	1000	1000	<0.5	NA		2018	No	Discharge from petroleum factories			
	trans-1,2- Dicholoroethylene	100	100	<0.5	NA		2018	No	Discharge from industrial chemical factories			
	Trichloroethylene (ppb) Vinyl Chloride (ppb)	0	5	<0.5	NA		2018	No	Discharge from metal degreasing sites and other factories			
	Xylenes (ppm)	0	2	0,5	NA		2017	No	Leaching from PVC piping Discharge from plastics factories			
		10000	10000	0.54	.5	4.88	2017	No	Discharge from petroleum factories; Discharge from chemical factories			
	6 12	Mount into		Your	Sample	# Samples		Exceeds	ETHER SERVE CATURES TO CITE TO			
	Contaminants	MCLG	<u>AL</u>	Water	Date	Exceeding AL		AL	Typical Source			
	Inorganic Contaminants											
	Copper - action level at consumer taps (ppm) Lead - action level at	1.3	1.3	0.1	2016	(No	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; Erosion of natural deposits			
	consumer taps (ppb)	15	15	2	2016	0		No	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; Erosion of natural deposits			
l	Contaminants	MOY	(B) (M)	Your	Sample	# Samples		Exceeds	comment the office the be-			
	Concaninants	MCL	AL	Water	<u>Date</u>	Exceeding AL		AL	Typical Source			
- 1												
	Combined Uranium (ppb)	30		0.5	8/2018	0		No	CONTRACTOR OF			
	Radium - 226 (PCI/L)	NA		<0.19	3/2018	0		No				
	Radium - 228 (PCI/L)	NΛ		< 0.46	3/2018	0		No				
	Combined Radium (- 226 &-228) (PCI/L)	NA		<0.46	3/2018	0		No				
	Gross Alpha Particle Activity (PCI/L)	15		2.3	3/2018	0	-	No				

<u>Term</u>	Definition
ppm	ppm: parts per million, or milligrams per liter (mg/L)
ppb	ppb: parts per billion, or micrograms per liter (mg/L)
PIC/L	Picocuries per liter
NA	NA: not applicable
ND	ND: Not detected
NR	NR: Monitoring not required but recommended.

Term	<u>Definition</u>
MCLG	MCLG: Maximum Contaminant Level Goal: The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a
MCL	MCL: Maximum Contaminant Level: The highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.
TT	TT: Treatment Technique: A required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water.
AL	AL: Action Level: The concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.
Variances and Exemptions	Variances and Exemptions: State or EPA permission not to meet an MCL or a treatment technique under certain conditions.
MRDLG	MRDLG: Maximum residual disinfection level goal. The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.
MRDL	MRDL: Maximum residual disinfectant level. The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control of microbial contaminants.
ANR	MNR: Monitored Not Regulated
MPL	MPL: State Assigned Maximum Permissible Level

For more information please contact:

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Email: jrussell@oceansprings-ms.gov

PROOF OF PUBLICATION

P.O. BOX 1650 OCEAN SPRINGS, MS 39566

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SPRINGS' & JACKSON COUNTY'S COMMUNITY NEV

er of Biloxi

a undersigned Notary Public of Harrison County, ners charge endersigned Notary Public of Harrison County, rsonally appeared VICKI L. FOX who, being by me n, did depose and say that she is a clerk of SPRINGS GAZETTE AND RECORD, a newspape ackson County, Mississippi, and that publication o opy of which is hereto attached, has published in the following dates:

TRACK CONTRACTOR OF WAY

cinson, 19, charged with Capital Murder o

an Atkinson, 21, charged with Accessory 41 dated the 09 day of May 2019

rison Co. Detention Center. Davian Atkinson, 21, also was was booked late Monday on essory After The Fact (Capital v Enforcement Officer). He also gained at the HCDC. prothers appeared in court and also in isolated custody.

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Courthouse before Judge Brand

Bond was denied for Darian states on oath that said newspaper has been is being held at the Harrison Cond published continuously in said county for a custody.

Davian Atkinson is bein than twelve months next prior to the first \$500,000 bond, also at the Hisaid notice.

The alleged gunman, the y

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and subscribed before me this the 9th day of May, 2019.

NOTARY PUBLIC

378.00 Printer's Fee:

Furnishing proof of Publication:

378.00 Total Cost:

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